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CAREER DEVELOPMENT		•
AND MANAGEMENT		•
COURSE INSTRUCTOR: MARGARET MOUNDE		
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THE NATURE AND CONCEPT OF CAREER		
DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT		•
		•
Owing to the abundance of human resource in today's society, coupled with the unpredictability and		•
uncertainty of the future; organizations are moving away from the traditional hierarchical employment		
progression to a flatter structure that is less flexible.		•
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Definition of Career Development:		
" the lifelong process of managing progression in		•
learning and working."		•
Kimari M.; (2019); Legal Practice Management; Nairobi, Kenya; LawAfrica Publishing (K) Ltd. at page 246	6	
" a life-long process of managing learning, work, and	d \	
transitions in order to move toward a personally determined and evolving preferred future."	′\/	•
Hiebert, B., Worgen, W. & Schober, K.; Career Development: The Role of Guidance and Courselling in Fostering an increased Range of Educational and Career Alternatives; Available to https://luperco.urgsco.org/up/Career Development.pd		•
incps.// uneroc.unesco.org/up/caree_beverup/ment.pu		
Career Development Objectives:		•
▶ Boost communication in the organization.		•
 Guidance in career decision making. Utilizing employee skills competently. 		
 Setting goals. 		•
Fostering employee satisfaction.		•
▶ Having a proper feedback system in place.		•
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THEORIES OF CAREER DEVELOPMENT		•
AND MANAGEMENT		
HR management has theoretical underpinnings derived		
from organizational behavior. HR theories aim to improve efficiency in job performance and increase		•
worker motivation and commitment.		•
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Motivation Theory	
 Abraham Maslow is one of the first proponents. 	•
 Human beings have the need to be organized into a hierarchy. 	•
The most basic needs have to be fulfilled first before	
the wants are fulfilled. By an organization investing in their employees, it is	
also investing in the business itself.	•
Resource-Based View	•
 An organization achieves competitive advantage when its resources can be classified as being valuable, rare 	•
and costly to emulate.	
a Control of the Control	
 Social Exchange Theory Propounded by George Homans. 	•
 People weigh the risks vis-à-vis benefits in social relationships; if the risks outweigh the benefits, social 	•
beings abandon these relationships.	
➤ Stakeholder Theory	
Organizations cannot function without the input of	•
their stakeholders. Organizations cater for the different stakeholders	•
needs by ensuring proper policies, standards and procedures are in place.	•
6 7	
Career Theories:	•
No single theory is sufficient to describe career development. Career theories include: -	•
Theory of Process	•
Theory of Content Theory of Content and Process	
John Holland's Theory of Career Choice	•
 Albert Bandura's Social Learning Theory Donald Super's Theory of Career Development 	•
	•
STAGES IN CAREER DEVELOPMENT AND	
MANAGEMENT	
➤ Stage 1: exploration	•
➤ Stage 2: establishment and achievement	•
Stage 3: mid-careerStage 4: late career	·
Stage 5: decline	•
	•
CAREER DEVELOPMENT PLANNING	•
PROCESS	•
Definition of a Career Development Plan	
▶ Written list of an employee's short-term and long-	•
term goals pertaining to current and future	•
employment opportunities. Includes the employee's experiences geared fulfilling	·
their goals.	

Purpose of a Career Development Plan: \blacktriangleright Helps the employee in setting realistic goals. ▶ Aids employees in actualizing their goals. ▶ Increasing the organization's employee retention capacity. ▶ Helps the employee to see the realistic job progression. ▶ Helps the employee realize and fulfill educational gaps / experience gaps. Process for Supporting an Employee's Career Development Plan: ▶ Meeting individually in order to identify the employee's ▶ Identify resources within the organization that can help the employee achieve goals. Prepare the development plan. ▶ Have a second in-person meeting with the employee to review the proposed plan and revise it. ▶ Meet mid-year and year-end to review performance. CAREER MANAGEMENT Definition of Career Management: $\hbox{``...}$ a planned process, initiated and carried out by an individual with the assistance of others." Mackowiak, J. & Eckel, F.; (1985); Career Management: An Active Process; American journ. pharmacy; vol. 42.; pages 554 - 560. Personal SWOT Analysis: SWOT stands for Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats. ▶ An employee to self-analyze by utilizing SWOT ▶ The employee is able to uncover weaknesses and eliminate threats that will harm his / her career. ▶ The employee is able to identify strengths and utilize available opportunities for self-advancement. Manager's Responsibility: ▶ Act as a catalyst, sensitizing the employees on development $\,\blacktriangleright\,$ Aid the employee in coming up with a development plan. ▶ Evaluate how realistic the employees career development ▶ Ensure that the organization has sufficient resources to enable the employee achieve his \prime her goals. ▶ Develop mutually agreed plans to guide in meeting the employee's objectives. ▶ Follow up on the employee's progress in implementing the

▶ Update the employee' plan when necessary.

Organizational Development:	•
This is the structure that is utilized by an institution to actualize its main objective i.e. better performance leading to bigger profits.	·
Ref: Kimari M.; (2019); Legal Proctice Management; Natrobi, Kenya; LawAfrica Publishing (N Ltd. at page 257	·
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Performance management Process: Process of performance management consists of 3	•
parts i.e.: planning - acting - reviewing	·
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MPACT OF CAREER DEVELOPMENT AND	
MANAGEMENT Benefits of Career Development and Management:	·
 Reduces attrition of employees due to job satisfaction; provides equal opportunity employment as if focusses on performance and qualification; improves the use of the employees; 	·
 improves the quality of the work-life of employees e.g. by enabling them to learn more efficient modes of fulfilling their functions; improves the organization itself; 	•
increases the skill of the employees.	
▶ Importance of Career Development and	
Management: - Shields employee from cost reduction strategies Shields employee from economic downsizing Updates employee on ICT innovations.	·
Employee can be easily retained during de-layering. Challenges in Career Development: Limited access to information interaction i.e. Inability	·
to networking. Gender discrimination in the workplace. Lack of proper education and training.	•
Uncertainty after promotion.	
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➤ Company / corporation secretary Lecturer ► Legal journalist ➤ state counsel	·
Private practitioner / advocate in a law firm Legal officer / inhouse counsel Judicial officer	•
CAREER DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT IN LEGAL PRACTICE	·

LEGAL AND REGULATORY FRAMEWORK		
GOVERNING LEGAL CAREER DEVELOPMENT IN		•
KENYA		
Structure of Legal Education in Kenya:		•
▶ Degree level	\	
Ref: Bishar Adan Mohamed v Kenya School of Law Petition 67 of 2019; Republic v Kenya School of Law [2019] eRLR; Victor Juma v Kenya School of Law; Council of Legal Education(Interested Party) [2020] eKLR	ı	
▶ Advocates Training Programme (ATP)		
 Admission to the Roll of Advocates 		•
Ref: Steve Isaac Kawai & 2 others v Council of Legal Education & 2 others [2021] eKLR		
► Continuing Professional development		•
Senior Counsels		
EMERGING TRENDS IN CAREER		
		•
DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT		
The need to continuously undertake professional development courses.		•
Networking culture.		
Shifting demographics and increased diversity.		•
▶ Globalization.		
▶ Impact of economic turmoil and recession.		•
Talent trifactor.	1	
Work revolution.		